TEX PARTE OR LATE FILE:

From:

craig lamar west <kreg@mindbender.net>

To:

ROUTE A.GWIA1("fcomments@casiotone.radparker.com")

Date:

Mon, Jul 26, 1999 2:27 PM

Subject:

In Support of the MEC Letter on MM Docket No. 99-25

This email was submitted by craig lamar west (kreg@mindbender.net) on Monday, July 26, 1999 at 13:27:06

address: 522 old rice rd.

city: madison

state: ms

zip: 39110

Submit: Send to FCC

To: The Honorable William E. Kennard Chairman

Commissioner Gloria Tristani Commissioner Michael Powell Commissioner Susan Ness

Commissioner Harold Furchgott-Roth

Federal Communications Commission The Portals 455 Twelfth Street S.W. Washington, DC 20554

cc: President Clinton, Hillary Clinton, Vice President Al Gore

cc: Microradio Empowerment Coalition cc: Americans for Radio Diversity

MM Docket No. 99-25
Regarding The Creation of Low Power FM Licenses; RM-9242, RM-9208

Dear Honorable Chairman Kennard,

We are writing to commend you and the Federal Communications Commission for taking action on an issue of great importance to us - ending the 21-year ban on community access to the airwaves. We have become increasingly concerned about the growing concentration of the media in our country and are pleased that the Commission is responding to public outcry to increase opportunities for local communities to use our radio airwaves.

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JUL 3 0 1999

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

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Radio is perhaps the most qualified of any media outlet to provide community access. It is a relatively inexpensive medium to produce and is well-suited to cover community issues and local culture. Unfortunately, over the past three years the U.S. radio broadcasting industry has experienced an unprecedented wave of consolidation and mergers. As a result, the electronic medium best suited to inexpensive, local programming has become arguably the most regimented and centralized of our major media. Even a multimillionaire would have trouble entering the radio broadcasting industry today, because economies of scale (permitted by deregulation) demand that a firm own numerous stations in several markets to be even remotely competitive. As for the person of average means, their lot is limited to being a passive consumer of an increasingly monopolistic industry that has less and less competitive pressure to heed the diverse, local needs of listeners. And, for poor people and others who are considered unimportant to the advertising community, radio increasingly has little to offer. Again, the great tragedy of this situation is that radio is the ideal medium to provide an accessible local service for democratic communications of interest and value to the entire population.

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In addition, the Commission has stated that in the last year alone, 13,000 people inquired regarding the possibility of obtaining a license for low power broadcasting in their communities. In support with the efforts of the Microradio Empowerment Coalition (mec@tao.ca) and Americans for Radio Diversity (ard@radparker.com), we urge you to legalize microradio in order to benefit non-commercial community groups whose interest in microradio is to communicate, to educate, and to inform, not to make money. We are confident you agree that broad

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Again, we commend Chairman Kennard and the Commission for your willingness to address these issues. We are hopeful that the creation of a new class of low power FM radio licensing becomes a reality during the Chairman's present term. We look forward to working on making the airwaves more accessible for our local communities.

Signed,

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Movement for Self Determination

Dan Simon--Founder, Seven Stories Press

Gary Ruskin--Director, Commercial Alert

Barbara Ehrenreich--Author Gloria Steinem--Ms. Mumia Abu-Jamal--Journalist Kurt Vonnegut-- Author

From:

To:

Brice McIver <bri>
Brice McIver <bri>
Brice McIver <bri>
Brice McIver

Brice McIver ROUTE A.GWIA1("fcomments@casiotone.radparker.com")

Date:

Mon, Jul 26, 1999 3:16 PM

Subject:

In Support of the MEC Letter on MM Docket No. 99-25

This email was submitted by Brice McIver (bricem@hotmail.com) on Monday, July 26, 1999 at 14:16:52

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

comments: We have long needed a tool for the community to express their ideas and thoughts. This is exactly the concept to fill this need.

address: 3901 SW Friar Rd

city: Topeka

state: KS

zip: 66610

Submit: Send to FCC

To:

The Honorable William E. Kennard Chairman

Commissioner Gloria Tristani Commissioner Michael Powell Commissioner Susan Ness

Commissioner Harold Furchgott-Roth

Federal Communications Commission The Portals 455 Twelfth Street S.W. Washington, DC 20554

cc: President Clinton, Hillary Clinton, Vice President Al Gore

cc: Microradio Empowerment Coalition cc: Americans for Radio Diversity

MM Docket No. 99-25

Regarding The Creation of Low Power FM Licenses; RM-9242, RM-9208

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Diane Fleming, Philadelphia
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Amanda Huron, Washington, D.C.
Alan Korn, San Francisco
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Dan Simon--Founder, Seven Stories Press
Gary Ruskin--Director, Commercial Alert
Barbara Ehrenreich--Author
Gloria Steinem--Ms.
Mumia Abu-Jamal--Journalist
Kurt Vonnegut-- Author

FX PARTE OR LATE FILLE

From:

Liesl Nibbe <nibb0005@tc.umn.edu>

To:

ROUTE A.GWIA1("fcomments@casiotone.radparker.com")

Date:

Mon, Jul 26, 1999 3:17 PM

Subject:

In Support of the MEC Letter on MM Docket No. 99-25

This email was submitted by Liesl Nibbe (nibb0005@tc.umn.edu) on Monday, July 26, 1999 at 14:17:08

comments: I think that points number 1 & 5 are the most important.

address: 2003 Aldrich Ave S #308

city: Minneapolis

state: MN

zip: 55405

Submit: Send to FCC

To:

The Honorable William E. Kennard Chairman

Commissioner Gloria Tristani Commissioner Michael Powell Commissioner Susan Ness

Commissioner Harold Furchgott-Roth

Federal Communications Commission The Portals 455 Twelfth Street S.W. Washington, DC 20554

cc: President Clinton, Hillary Clinton, Vice President Al Gore

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cc: Americans for Radio Diversity

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Movement for Self Determination

Dan Simon--Founder, Seven Stories Press Gary Ruskin--Director, Commercial Alert Barbara Ehrenreich--Author Gloria Steinem--Ms. Mumia Abu-Jamal--Journalist Kurt Vonnegut-- Author

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

From:

"bwjax@sprintmail.com" <bwjax@sprintmail.com>

To:

K2DOM, K2PO1 (GTRISTAN), K4DOM, K4PO2 (MPOWELL, SNESS), K...

Date:

Mon. Jul 26, 1999 3:51 PM

Subject:

In Support of the MEC Letter on MM Docket No. 99-25

=To: The Honorable William E. Kennard Chairman,

Commissioner Gloria Tristani, Commissioner Michael Powell Commissioner Susan Ness

Commissioner Harold Furchgott-Roth Federal Communications Commission

The Portals 455 Twelfth Street S.W. Washington, DC 20554 cc: President Clinton, Hillary Clinton, Vice President Al Gore

cc: Microradio Empowerment Coalition

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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

MM Docket No. 99-25

Regarding The Creation of Low Power FM Licenses: RM-9242, RM-9208

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Greg Ruggiero, New York City

Noam Chomsky--Massachusetts Institute of Technology Howard Zinn--Professor Emeritus, Boston University Nancy Kranich--Librarian

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Self Determination

Dan Simon--Founder, Seven Stories Press

Barbara Ehrenreich--Author

Gloria Steinem--Ms.

Mumia Abu-Jamal--Journalist

Kurt Vonnegut-- Author

Additional Comments=
name=Barbara Walch
street=5152 Janice Circle
city=Jacksonville
state=FL
zip=32210
=Send to FCC

FX PARTE OR LATE FILED

From:

Darcy <dsnider1@uswest.net>

Mon. Jul 26, 1999 3:56 PM

To:

"'bkennard@fcc.gov" <bkennard@fcc.gov>, "'sness@f.

JUL 3 n 1999

Date: Subject:

in support of the mec letter on mm docket no. 99-25

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Commissioner Gloria Tristalii ECRETARY To: The Honorable William E. Kennard Chairman, Commissioner Harold Furchgott-Roth Michael Powell Commissioner Susan Ness The Portals 455 Twelfth Street S.W. Washington, DC 20554cc; Communications Commission President Clinton, Hillary Clinton, Vice President Al Gore cc: Microradio Empowerment Coalition MM Docket No. 99-25Regarding The Creation of Low Power FM Licenses; RM-9242, RM-9208Dear Honorable Chairman Kennard. We are writing to commend you and the Federal Communications Commission for taking action on an issue of great importance to us - ending the 21-year ban on community access to the airwaves. We have become increasingly concerned about the growing concentration of the media in our country and are pleased that the Commission is responding to public outcry to increase opportunities for local communities to use our radio airwayes. One of the fundamental tenets of our democracy is to ensure that diverse interests have opportunities to express themselves, not merely to be the recipients of what a handful of other people tell them. It is a nonnegotiable component of our right to a free press and free speech. Radio is perhaps the most qualified of any media outlet to provide community access. It is a relatively inexpensive medium to produce and is well-suited to cover community issues and local culture. Unfortunately, over the past three years the U.S. radio broadcasting industry has experienced an unprecedented wave of consolidation and mergers. As a result, the electronic medium best suited to inexpensive, local programming has become arguably the most regimented and centralized of our major media. Even a multimillionaire would have trouble entering the radio broadcasting industry today, because economies of scale (permitted by deregulation) demand that a firm own numerous stations in several markets to be even remotely competitive. As for the person of average means, their lot is limited to being a passive consumer of an increasingly monopolistic industry that has less and less competitive pressure to heed the diverse, local needs of listeners. And, for poor people and others who are considered unimportant to the advertising community, radio increasingly has little to offer. Again, the great tragedy of this situation is that radio is the ideal medium to provide an accessible local service for democratic communications of interest and value to the entire population. Awarding licenses for new low power FM radio stations would empower local communities with a new public forum to express its many voices, cultures, ideas, and needs. Low power radio stations would create much needed public fora for a variety of groups - including community activists, youth, ethnic and linguistic minorities, the religious community, local artists and cultural associations - and provide a forum for dialogue and debate about important local and public interest issues. These kinds of stations would strengthen community identity in urban neighborhoods, rural towns and other communities which are currently too small to win attention from "mainstream", profit-driven media. The strong interest in independent radio stations shows that the creation of low power radio service would have wide public support. The tremendous demand for microradio is demonstrated by the emergence of a national Free Radio Movement, widespread civil disobedience, constitutional challenges of the Commission's aggressively enforced 21-year ban, as well as the proliferation of unlicensed community radio stations supported by local government, whose operators broadcast at the risk of financial losses, seizure of property, arrest, and in some cases, imprisonment in addition, the Commission has stated that in the last year alone, 13,000 people inquired regarding the possibility of obtaining a license for low power broadcasting in their communities. In support with the efforts of the Microradio Empowerment Coalition (mec@tao.ca), we urge you to legalize microradio in order to benefit non-commercial community groups whose interest in microradio is to communicate, to educate, and to inform, not to make money. We are confident you agree that broad citizen access to information and culture is at the heart of a democratic society. To support this vision, we urge you to legalize microradio with the following concerns in mind: 1. Microradio licenses should be awarded for non-commercial use only. The current radio spectrum is dominated by commercial media. LPFM licenses should go to non-commercial community groups who want to use radio to communicate with their neighbors, not make profit from them.2. Licenses should be held locally, be non-transferable, affordable to all communities, easy to apply for and limited to one per license holder; they should NOT be businesses.3. Power levels should be up to 100 watts in urban areas and up to 250 watts in rural areas.4. The Commission should NOT diminish new low-power stations to "secondary status." It would be a tragedy to take away licenses from low-power community stations just

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because the Commission subsequently granted a power increase to a pre-existing station or granted a new high power license somewhere nearby.5. The Commission should grant full amnesty for the microbroadcast pioneers who have suffered government seizure and fines. Their property should be returned. They should be granted equal opportunity in applying for and receiving new licenses.6. Problems, technical or otherwise, should be referred to the local voluntary micropower organization for assistance or mediation (e.g. the Ham radio model). The FCC should be the forum of last resort.7. LPFM must be protected and maintained in the future as radio makes the transition from analog to digital broadcasting.8. If the FCC intends to license some commercial stations, they must be licensed last. In this instance, there should be a 2 year "headstart" for non-commercial licenses. The right of citizens to communicate is protected by the Constitution and the FCC's mandate. The right to make money through local radio is not a protection under the FCC's mandate.9. Stations should be locally programmed. However recorded materials such as music, poetry, documentaries, features etc. may be used. Sharing of program materials and resources among micro and community stations is strongly encouraged. No more than 20% of air time from off-site feeds or syndicated tapes.10. Licenses should be awarded to unincorporated non-commercial associations, and non-profit organizations, 11. Within two years new spectrum space (including any future digital spectrum space) should be allocated for continued expansion of microradio broadcasters so that any community group that wishes to broadcast has access to available spectrum space (frequencies). Further, all manufacturers of consumer radio receivers for sale in the United States should be required to include this spectrum set aside for microradio broadcasters, 12. Licensing fees should be affordable to all communities, Again, we commend Chairman Kennard and the Commission for your willingness to address these issues. We are hopeful that the creation of a new class of low power FM radio licensing becomes a reality during the Chairman's present term. We look forward to working on making the airwayes more accessible for our local communities.Signed,MEC Honorary Chair: Robert W. McChesney, MadisonSteering Committee:Sara Zia Ebrahimi, PhiladelphiaDiane Fleming, PhiladelphiaPeter Franck, San FranciscoAmanda Huron, Washington, D.C.Alan Korn, San FranciscoGreg Ruggiero, New York CityNoam Chomsky--Massachusetts Institute of TechnologyHoward Zinn--Professor Emeritus, Boston UniversityNancy Kranich--LibrarianRon Daniels--Executive Director, Center for Constitutional RightsGeorge Gerbner--Founder, Cultural Environment MovementEdward Herman--Wharton School, University of PennsylvaniaJanine Jackson--Fairness and Accuracy in ReportingHerbert Schiller--Professor Emeritus, University of California, SanDiegoJuliet Schor--Harvard UniversityMark Crispin Miller--New York UniversityLaura Flanders--national producer for Pacifica RadioDavid Barsamian--Director, Alternative RadioStuart Ewen -- AuthorElaine Bernard--Harvard Trade Union ProgramAl Lewis--Organizer ("Grandpa" from the Munsters)Dee Dee Halleck--Deep Dish TVBen Bagdikian--University of California, BerkeleyLoretta Ross--Executive Director, National Center for **Human Rights**

EducationDavid C. Korten--Author, and Chair of the Positive Futures Network, publishers of YES MagazineCarl Jensen--Founder, Project CensoredEllen Braune--PublicistJamie Love--Director, Consumer Project on TechnologyEfia Nwangaza--Attorney/Coordinator, Greenville Malcolm X Movement forSelf DeterminationDan Simon--Founder, Seven Stories PressBarbara Ehrenreich--AuthorGloria Steinem--Ms.Mumia Abu-Jamal--JournalistKurt Vonnegut-- Author

FX PARTE OR LATE FILED

From:

Thomas Goh <tomgohj@hotmail.com>

To:

ROUTE_A.GWIA1("fcomments@casiotone.radparker.com")

Date:

Mon, Jul 26, 1999 3:57 PM

and the same

Subject:

In Support of the MEC Letter on MM Docket No. 99-25

This email was submitted by Thomas Goh (tomgohj@hotmail.com) on Monday, July 26, 1999 at 14:57:58

address: 341 Summer Street

city: Somerville

state: MA

zip: 02144

Submit: Send to FCC

To: The Honorable William E. Kennard Chairman

Commissioner Gloria Tristani Commissioner Michael Powell Commissioner Susan Ness

Commissioner Harold Furchgott-Roth

Federal Communications Commission The Portals 455 Twelfth Street S.W. Washington, DC 20554

cc: President Clinton, Hillary Clinton, Vice President Al Gore

cc: Microradio Empowerment Coalition

cc: Americans for Radio Diversity

MM Docket No. 99-25

Regarding The Creation of Low Power FM Licenses: RM-9242, RM-9208

Dear Honorable Chairman Kennard,

We are writing to commend you and the Federal Communications Commission for taking action on an issue of great importance to us - ending the 21-year ban on community access to the airwaves. We have become increasingly concerned about the growing concentration of the media in our country and are pleased that the Commission is responding to public outcry to increase opportunities for local communities to use our radio airwaves.

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RECEIVE

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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Radio is perhaps the most qualified of any media outlet to provide community access. It is a relatively inexpensive medium to produce and is well-suited to cover community issues and local culture. Unfortunately, over the past three years the U.S. radio broadcasting industry has experienced an unprecedented wave of consolidation and mergers. As a result, the electronic medium best suited to inexpensive, local programming has become arguably the most regimented and centralized of our major media. Even a multimillionaire would have trouble entering the radio broadcasting industry today, because economies of scale (permitted by deregulation) demand that a firm own numerous stations in several markets to be even remotely competitive. As for the person of average means, their lot is limited to being a passive consumer of an increasingly monopolistic industry that has less and less competitive pressure to heed the diverse, local needs of listeners. And, for poor people and others who are considered unimportant to the advertising community, radio increasingly has little to offer. Again, the great tragedy of this situation is that radio is the ideal medium to provide an accessible local service for democratic communications of interest and value to the entire population.

Awarding licenses for new low power FM radio stations would empower local communities with a new public forum to express its many voices, cultures, ideas, and needs. Low power radio stations would create much needed public fora for a variety of groups - including community activists, youth, ethnic and linguistic minorities, the religious community, local artists and cultural associations - and provide a forum for dialogue and debate about important local and public interest issues. These kinds of stations would strengthen community identity in urban neighborhoods, rural towns and other communities which are currently too small to win attention from "mainstream", profit-driven media.

The strong interest in independent radio stations shows that the creation of low power radio service would have wide public support. The tremendous demand for microradio is demonstrated by the emergence of a national Free Radio Movement, widespread civil disobedience, constitutional challenges of the Commission's aggressively enforced 21-year ban, as well as the proliferation of unlicensed community radio stations supported by local government, whose operators broadcast at the risk of financial losses, seizure of property, arrest, and in some cases, imprisonment.

In addition, the Commission has stated that in the last year alone, 13,000 people inquired regarding the possibility of obtaining a license for low power broadcasting in their communities. In support with the efforts of the Microradio Empowerment Coalition (mec@tao.ca) and Americans for Radio Diversity (ard@radparker.com), we urge you to legalize microradio in order to benefit non-commercial community groups whose interest in microradio is to communicate, to educate, and to inform, not to make money. We are confident you agree that broad

citizen access to information and culture is at the heart of a democratic society.

To support this vision, we urge you to legalize microradio with the following concerns in mind:

- 1. Microradio licenses should be awarded for non-commercial use only. The current radio spectrum is dominated by commercial media. LPFM licenses should go to non-commercial community groups who want to use radio to communicate with their neighbors, not make profit from them.
- 2. Licenses should be held locally, be non-transferable, affordable to all communities, easy to apply for and limited to one per license holder; they should NOT be businesses.
- 3. Power levels should be up to 100 watts in urban areas and up to 250 watts in rural areas.
- 4. The Commission should NOT diminish new low-power stations to "secondary status." It would be a tragedy to take away licenses from low-power community stations just because the Commission subsequently granted a power increase to a pre-existing station or granted a new high power license somewhere nearby.
- 5. The Commission should grant full amnesty for the microbroadcast pioneers who have suffered government seizure and fines. Their property should be returned. They should be granted equal opportunity in applying for and receiving new licenses.
- 6. Problems, technical or otherwise, should be referred to the local voluntary micropower organization for assistance or mediation (e.g. the Ham radio model). The FCC should be the forum of last resort
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12. Licensing fees should be affordable to all communities.

Again, we commend Chairman Kennard and the Commission for your willingness to address these issues. We are hopeful that the creation of a new class of low power FM radio licensing becomes a reality during the Chairman's present term. We look forward to working on making the airwaves more accessible for our local communities.

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Movement for Self Determination

Dan Simon--Founder, Seven Stories Press

Gary Ruskin--Director, Commercial Alert

Barbara Ehrenreich--Author Gloria Steinem--Ms. Mumia Abu-Jamal--Journalist Kurt Vonnegut-- Author

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

From:

Ed Lesen & Clarice Pollock <claricepollock@sprintmail.com>

To:

K2DOM, K2PO1 (GTRISTAN), K4DOM, K4PO2 (MPOWELL, SNESS), K...

Date:

Mon. Jul 26, 1999 4:06 PM

Subject:

In Support of the MEC Letter on MM Docket No. 99-25

=To: The Honorable William E. Kennard Chairman,

Commissioner Gloria Tristani, Commissioner Michael Powell Commissioner Susan Ness

Commissioner Harold Furchgott-Roth

Federal Communications Commission

The Portals 455 Twelfth Street S.W. Washington, DC 20554 cc: President Clinton, Hillary Clinton, Vice President Al Gore

cc: Microradio Empowerment Coalition

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Additional Comments=
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state=FL
zip=33009
=Send to FCC